THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, August 3, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum, in advance: otherwise Two Dollars and Fifty Cents will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 40—No. 31. Beaver, Wednesday, August 3, 1864. Established 1818

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Beaver Station—Going East.

Commencing, Monday, May 16, 1864.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:50 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:30 A. M.
2:30 P. M.	" "	3:50 P. M.
4:51 P. M.	" "	6:05 P. M.

Going West—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

5:10 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:40 A. M.
3:50 P. M.	" "	5:20 P. M.
1:10 P. M.	Rochester,	2:20 P. M.
1:50 A. M.	"	2:10 A. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*

P. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—Going East.

	Leaves Rochester.	Arr. at Pitts
1st Brighton Accom.	5:42 A. M.	7:20 A. M.
2d Brighton "	6:45 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
3d Brighton "	12:33 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
New Castle "	3:05 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Mail.	5:15 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1st Express.	1:00 A. M.	2:20 A. M.
2d Express.	2:10 P. M.	3:20 P. M.
Lightn'g Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

Going West—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Alliance Accom.	2:10 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
1st Brighton Accom.	8:15 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
2d Brighton "	12:00 A. M.	1:32 P. M.
3d " "	4:10 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
4th " "	5:30 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Mail.	8:30 A. M.	8:05 A. M.
1st Express.	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express.	1:10 P. M.	2:20 P. M.

WM. P. SHINN, Supt., E. D.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

New Brighton, May 4th, 1864.

RESOURCES.

Notes and bills discounted, active	$63,270 46
Same under protest	196 00
U. S. 6-20 per cent. coupon bonds.	95,150 00
U. S. 7-30 per cent. treas. notes.	4,850 00
U. S. 7 per cent. legal tender	200 00
Furniture and office fixtures	1,358 95
Due from other banks	26,917 57
Notes and bills of other banks and U. S. Treasury notes	25,361 87
Cash in vault	5,164 87
Protest account	1 41
	$242,774 63

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$115,400 00
Notes in circulation	920 00
Due depositors	117,091 77
Due the Commonwealth	1,888 49
Dividend funds	2,203 85
Dividends unpaid	5,170 52
	$242,774 63

I really think the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOWES, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 4th day of May, A. D. 1864. PETER SMITH, J. P.

T. M. McCORD, Notary Public.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by Public Vendue, or outcry, on the premises, on

Wednesday, August 17th, 1864,

at one o'clock, p. m. the following described property, being the real estate of George Boswell, late of Beaver county, dec'd., being a tract of land containing one hundred and seventy-six acres and one hundred and seventy-six in the Borough of New Brighton, county of Beaver and State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by lot No. 174, on the east by Division alley, on the south by Market street, and on the west by Water street, upon which said No. 176 is erected a Brick House, twenty-two feet front on Water street, by eighteen feet front on Market street, with an addition thereto, thirty eight feet front on Market street by twenty feet two stories high; said building contains nine rooms and a hall, with a cellar under the front part, also a Frame Wash House, fifteen feet square, and an old Frame Stable, sixteen feet square.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court, balance in two equal, annual payments from that date, with interest thereon from same time.

By order of the Court:

JOHN BOSWELL,
BENJ. BEDISON,
Executors of George Boswell, deceased.

NOTICE.

Reuben H. Fry, }
vs. } Alias Subpœna Divorce.
Rebecca Fry. }

Rebecca Fry—You are hereby commanded to be and appear in your proper person before the Judges, at Beaver, at the court of Common Pleas, to be held on the *first Monday of September*, 1864, to shew cause if any you have, why the said Reuben H. Fry shall not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony contracted with you.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

Sheriff's Office,
Beaver, july12, '64.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY.

In the matter of the application for a Charter of the Mt. Carmel Presbyterian Church of Moon township, Beaver county, Pa.

And now to wit, June 8, 1864, Application being made, the Court direct publication according to the Act of Assembly, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary, the Charter of incorporation will be granted by the Court at the next Term.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss.

A true extract from the Record.

Attest: M. WEYAND, Pro.

jy13'64

NOTICE.

THE firm of B. & W. Wilde & Co. was dissolved on the 11th of May last, by the death of Mr. Wm. Wilde. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partners.

BENJ. WILDE,
HORATIO W. WILDE.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have entered into partnership under the style of "Wilde & Co.," and will continue the business of the late firm of B. & W. Wilde & Co.

BENJ. WILDE,
HORATIO W. WILDE.

New Brighton, July 11, 1864.

Dr. D. M'Kinney,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of

BEAVER AND VICINITY.

OFFICE IN

The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of the Diamond, Beaver, Pa.

dec16

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8th, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any state or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes or National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually and on all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the 1st days of March and September in each year.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accured interest in coin—or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium,) or received them drawing interest form the date of subscription and deposit.—As these Bonds are

EXEMPT FROM MUNICIPAL OR STATE TAXATION, their value is increased form one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay

OVER EIGHT PER CENT INTEREST

in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payments while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 2d day of March, 1864, was $708,965,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be $45,037,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th 1864, has been so far at the rate of over 100,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to $150,000,000 per annum.

Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued from the United State Treasury untill March 26, but in the first three weeks of April the subscriptions averaged more than TEN MILLIONS A WEEK.

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Pittsburgh,
Third National Bank of Pittsburgh,
AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS

which are depositaries of Public money, and all

RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country, (acting as agent of the National Depositary Banks,) will furnish further information on application and,

Afford Every Facility to Subscribers.

may11,'64—inside 3 m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the Probate Court of Columbiana county, O., having granted to the undersigned letters testamentary on the estate of Horatia N. Barker, late of Perry tp. Columbiana county, Ohio, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G. S. BARKER, Ex'r.

New Brighton, je15'64.

Estate of John Imbrie, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of John Imbrie, late of Big Beaver township, Beaver County, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. L. IMBRIE, Beaver,
R. S. IMBRIE, Darlington,
je29'64 Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Alex. M'Kenzie, late of Rochester boro', Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

A. P. CACOCK, Adm'r.

Rochester tp.

jy18'64

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Dan'l M'Grew, late of S. Beaver tp., Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

SARAH M'GRAY, Adm'rx.

South Beaver tp.

jy18'64

WHEN THE BOYS COME HOME.

BY JOHN HAY.

There's a happy time coming
When the boys come home,
There's a glorious day coming
When the boys come home,
We will end the dreadful story
Of this treason dark and gory
In a sun-burst of glory
When the boys come home.

The day will seem brighter
When the boys come home;
For our hearts will be lighter
When the boys come home.
Wives and sweet-hearts will press them
In their arms, and caress them,
And pray God to bless them
When the boys come home.

The thinned ranks will be proudest
When the boys come home,
And their cheer will ring the loudest
When the boys come home.
The full ranks will be shattered,
And the bright arms will be battered,
And the battle standards tattered,
When the boys come home.

Their bayonets may be rusty
When the boys come home,
And their uniforms dusty
When the boys come home;
But all shall see the traces
Of battle's royal graces,
In the brown and bearded faces,
When the boys come home.

Our love shall go to meet them
When the boys come home,
To bless them and to greet them
When the boys come home,
And the fame of their endeavor,
Time and change shall not dissever
From the nation's heart forever,
When the boys come home.

Information Relating to the Coming Draft.

The following is a synopsis of the requirements of the Enrollment Law, embracing some things hitherto touched upon and others not yet noticed:

First. The exemptions of the original act, to fathers of motherless children under twelve years of age, to some members of families in which others are in service, to sons who are the support of aged and destitute parents, and for other similar causes, are no longer allowed.

Second. The commutation clause, by which a person who was drafted might be released upon payment of three hundred dollars, is repealed—with a single exception in the case of persons conscientiously opposed to bearing arms, who may commute upon payment of three hundred dollars, or otherwise be considered as "non combatants," and if drafted be held to service for hospital duty, or in the care of freedmen. Persons physically incapable of duty are exempt upon surgical examination.

Third. The division of citizens into two classes, the second class not being liable to service until the first class was exhausted, is abolished, and all citizens liable are enrolled in the same class, and may be held to similar service.

Fourth. The age of liability to the draft is between twenty and forty-five years.

Fifth. Volunteers may be received who are between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years. Youths between sixteen and eighteen may be received with the consent of their parents or guardians. The enlistment of boys under sixteen is a military offense in the officer who recruits them, who may be punished therefor.

Sixth. Volunteers, whether white or colored, receive the Government bounty, according to the time for which they agree to serve. For one year, $100; for two years, $200; for three years, $300. These amounts are paid in installments. To one year's volunteer, when mustered in, $33 33; to a two years' recruit, $66 66; to a three years' recruit, $100. Two other installments are to be paid to the volunteer or his representatives during the term of service.

Seventh. The monthly pay of a private, either volunteer, substitute or drafted man, is $13 a month. Non-commissioned officers receive an increased pay beyond the rates which were allowed before the last session of Congress.

Eighth. Drafted men receive no bounties from the Federal Government, and we presume that they will not receive any from the town or county to which they belong.

Ninth. Substitutes for drafted men, or for men liable to draft, furnished in advance of the draft, receive no bounties from the Government.

Tenth. Representative substitutes for persons not liable to draft are considered as volunteers, and receive the Federal and local bounties, and whatever their principal agrees to pay them.

Eleventh. Volunteers and representative substitutes may be mustered in for one, two or three years, as they may elect.

Twelfth. Substitutes for drafted men, or men liable to draft, may be accepted for one, two or three years, according to the time that the principal would have to serve, or as he may engage them.

Thirteenth. Representative substitutes for persons not liable to draft, may be persons who are liable to draft. Fourteenth. Substitutes for persons liable to draft, furnished before drafting, must not themselves be liable. They may either be aliens, veterans, or sailors who have served two years and been honorably discharged or the citizens of the States of Rebellion, or the Slaves of Rebel owners.

Fifteenth. The principal shall be exempt from draft during the time that the said substitute is not liable to draft, not exceeding the time for which the substitute shall be accepted.

Sixteenth. The United States no longer pays premiums for the procuration of recruits.

Seventeenth. Men furnished under the call of July 18, 1864, whether drafted or enlisted for one, two or three years, as well as all excess or deficiency of three years men on calls heretofore made, will count as men for man.—The equalization of the amount of military service rendered by the different States and parts of States will be effected hereafter.

Eighteenth. A credit due for an enrolled man is credited and therefore deducted from the quota of the locality he enlists in.

Nineteenth. An enrolled man furnishing alien as a substitute is exempt for the time of service of the substitute, unless the alien becomes a citizen, or declares his intentions to become so, in which case the substitute is liable to draft, and his principal likewise.

Twentieth. A man may enlist in the army or navy for three years as a substitute. If in the army, he must be twenty-three years old.

Twenty-first. Recruiting agents in Rebel States must have a letter of appointment from the Executive. The particular field of each State in which the agent is to operate to be specified in the letter of appointment. All recruiting agents to be subject to the rules and regulations of war. It is made the duty of the commanding officer of any district or district in which recruiting agents operate, and of commanding officers of rendezvous, to order back to their States or arrest and hold for trial any he may deem best, any recruiting agent who shall commit frauds upon the Government or recruits, or who violate the instructions issued for the recruitment or be guilty of any fraud, forfeiting his agency and liability to draft.

No person who shall be recruited who is already in the military service as a soldier, teamster, laborer, guide, &c., or who is so employed by the military authorities as to be of importance to military operations. Recruits procured under this privilege must be delivered by the recruiting agents at one of the following named rendezvous, namely: Camp Casey, Washington, D. C., for Northest Virginia; Camp near Fortress Monroe for Southeast Virginia; Camp Newbern, North Carolina, for North Carolina; Camp Hilton Head, S. C., for South Carolina and Florida; Camp Vicksburg, Miss., for Mississippi, and Camp Nashville, Tenn., for Georgia and Alabama.

Twenty second. If it is desired to put any of the volunteer recruits from the rebellious States into service as substitutes before or after the draft, they must be sent without expense to the Government by the recruiting agent to the district in which the principal is enrolled, and there be mustered in by the Provost Marshal, who will issue the proper substitution papers.—It is made the duty of commanding officers to afford to recruiting agents all such facilities as they can provide, without detriment to the public service, and prevent recruiting by unauthorized parties.

Twenty-third. The enlistment of hundred day men does not operate to reduce the liability of the district from which he volunteers. But if any hundred day men is drafted his hundred days' service counts in reducing his term of service.

Twenty-fourth. Although the volunteers are taken for one, two or three years, the draft is for one year.

A Beautiful Excuse.

Every reader must be delighted with the beautiful excuse, which, among others, Sir Thomas Moore makes, why he did not publish his "Utopia" sooner. It shows us how important that great man considered an attentive performance of the minor duties of life to be. "Seeing that almost the whole of the day is devoted to business abroad, and the remainder of my time to domestic duties, there is none left for my studies. For, on returning home, I have to talk with my wife, prattle with my children, and converse with my servants, all which things I number among the duties of life, since, if a man would not be a stranger in his house, he must, by every means in his power, strive to render himself agreeable to those companions of his life whom nature has provided, chance thrown in his way, or they he has himself chosen."

GEN. GRANT AND GEN. M'PHERSON.—Intelligence of the death of Gen. M'Pherson was telegraphed to Gen. Grant on Sunday. The war worn hero, after finishing the reading of the dispatch, retired to his tent weeping like a child, and with the tears streaming down his bronzed cheeks, declared that the country had lost its ablest soldier, and he his best friend.

The New Secretary of the Treasury.

The late lamented George W. Fessenden, editor of the West Chester, *Republican*, wrote from Washington last February the following sketch of Mr. Fessenden, which was published on the 23d of February:

William Pitt Fessenden stands at this time without doubt at the head of the American Senate. As a clear-headed, able debater, he has no superior. I do not remember whether in my letters of the last or previous winters I gave a sketch of his personal appearance or not, but even if I have, a few strokes of the pen in that direction may be of interest at the present time. I suppose him to be nearly six feet in height, possibly two inches under that measurement, and he would not, in my judgment, weigh over one hundred and fifty or sixty pounds. His face, long and rather severe in expression, heavy eyebrows, dark brown hair streaked with gray, worn rather long, and with an inclination to curl. I judge him to be about fifty-years of age. I should not think him a man of strong friendships, and yet he seems to be on familiar terms with all the Senators, occasionally enjoying a kind of dry laugh with those who come to him or to whom he goes to chat. He pays little attention to style in dress, being behind in fashion, but there is nothing of the sloven in his appearance. His voice is clear, rather sharp in tone, and he speaks naturally and with about the proper amount of gesture. He impresses any one who hears him that he is not talking for talk's sake, but is simply filling position as a statesman by bringing the powers of his mind to the elucidation of the subject matter under discussion There is nothing florid in the style of Mr. Fessenden. But on the contrary his oratory is solid, probing, and yet sufficiently graceful to secure the attention of his audience. I presume the great point which attracts attention to, and produces admiration for, the Maine Senator, is the exceeding clearness of his line of logic.

I have been led to speak particularly of Mr. Fessenden at this time from the fact that on Monday last he appeared to great advantage in a sanitary debate with Senator Wilkinson, who of course does not profess to be able to measure swords with the Senator from Maine, but being out of patience with some real or fancied wrongs to his particular section, he gave vent to his feelings of irritation, and the consequence was he roused up the strong man armed. It was considered one of the best of the session, and those who heard it were particularly delighted with the keen and cutting sarcasm of the skillful New Englander.

"Josh Billings on "Shanghels."

The shanghi ruster iz a gentile, and speaks in forrin tung. He ix built on piles like a Sandy Hill crane. If he had bin bilt with 4 legs, he wud resemble the peruvian lama. He iz not a game animil, but often cums off second best in a ruff and tumble fite, like the injuns that kant stand civilization. Tha roost on the ground similar tew the mud turtle. Tha often go to sleep standing, and sum times pitch over, and when tha dew, tha enter the ground like a pickaxe. There food consis ov korn in the ear. Tha crow like a jackass, trubbled with bronskeesucks. Tha will eat az mutch to onct as a district skule master, and ginerally sit down rite oph tew keep from tipping over. Tha are dredful unhandy tew cook; yu hev to bile one end of them to a time, yu kant git them awl into a potash kittle tu onst. The female ruester lays an eg az big az a kokernut, and when she hatches out a litter of yung shanghis she has to brood them standing, and then kant kiver but 3 ov them the rest stand around on the outside, like boys aroun a circus tent, gittin a peep under the canvas whenever tha can. The man who fust brought the breed into this country ought tew own them and all he obliged tew feed them on grasshoppers caught bi hand. I never owned but one and he got choked tu deth bi a kink in a clothes line, but not until he had swallered 18 feet of it. Not enny shanghi for me, if you plese; I would rather board a traveling kolporter, and az for eating one, giv me a biled owl rare done, or a turkee buzzard, roasted hole, and stuffed with a pair of injun rubber boots, but not enny shanghi for me, not a shanghi.—*Poughkeepsian.*

"PRINTERS CAN READ ANYTHING."—The above remark is often made by correspondents and advertisers as an excuse for half spelling words, abbreviating technicalities and slovenly, unreadable writing generally. There is no doubt printers are better decipherers of bad manuscript than any other class of persons; but when, for instance, a merchant writes that he has received five Brls. ten pounds Clu, it is somewhat difficult to tell whether the merchant really means boots, biscuits or butternuts, chalk, cheese or churns, cloves, clocks, churns or clams.

☞ A Rebel writer speaks of Vallandigham's reception on Ohio as favorable to the "Confederate cause." This is what was intended.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square—each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. additional to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

The American Soldier."

The following amusing description of the American soldier as he is, is taken from the *Crutch*, a sheet published at the United States General Hospital, Annapolis. It was evidently written by some one well acquainted with Yankee proclivities, disciplined by military services:

"The model American soldier is patient and enduring, likes camp life, is good natured and jolly, and makes fun for his comrades; is always ready for any duty; does all the cooking for his tent mates and himself, washes a shirt occasionally for a tent mate; has his knapsack always ready to start at a moment's notice; spends all day Sunday cleaning his gun; can eat raw pork on a march, don't drink much water on a march, don't consider it healthy, sleeps with his boots and cap on, carries his pockets full of ammunition, knows where to find plenty of rail fences, always has straw to lay on, don't have a high opinion of officers, wouldn't do anything for the colonel if 'twas to save his life, thinks the Major ought to have something to do prevent to do prevent him from getting lazy; thinks his captain a first-rate fellow, and he helps to put up his tent; won't stand any nonsense from the Lieutenant; don't like battles better than anybody else, but is ready to do his duty; tries to take care of his health; has re-enlisted, and intends to see the thing through; sends home all his pay; intends to buy lands and settle down after the war is over; considers it foolish to drink; never spends money at the sutlers; helps the new recruit strap on his knapsack; advises him not to eat much grease; wants him to take care of his health; never gets angry except when talking about rebels; swears a little then; can't help it; hopes we'll have a General soon that knows something; is willing to sacrifice his life to put down the rebellion; believes Abe Lincoln an honest man; will vote for him or any other man that will put down the rebellion, thinks army contractors and officers with big salaries have kept the war going so long; is willing to do his duty anyway, and hopes, when the war is over, to see Jeff Davis and the copperheads go to destruction together.

Much Attach to the Married State.

It is usually considered a note worthy circumstance for a man or woman to have been married three times; but of old that would have been tho't little of. St. Jerome mentions a widow that married her twenty second husband, who in his turn had been married to twenty wives—surely an experienced couple!

A woman named Elizabeth Maz, who died at Florence, 1763, had been married to seven husbands, all of whom she outlived. She married the last of the seven at the age of 70.—When on her death-bed she called the good and bad qualities in each of her husbands, and having impartially weighed them in the balance, she singled out her fifth spouse as her favorite, and desired that her remains be interred near his.

The death of a soldier is recorded in 1784 who had five wives; and his widow, aged 90, wept over the grave of her fourth husband. The writer who mentioned these facts, naively added "the said soldier was much attached to the marriage state."

There is an account of a gentlemun who had been married to four wives, and who lived to be 115 years old.—When he died he left twenty-three "children" alive and well, some of said children being from three to four score years old.

A gentleman died at Bordeaux in 1772, who had been married sixteen times.

In July, 1768, a couple were living in Essex who had been married 81 years, the husband being 107 and the wife 103 years of age.

At the Church of St. Clement Danes in 1772, a woman of 85 was married to her sixth husband.

A Western Obituary.

Jem Bangs, we are sorry to stait, has deceased. He departed this life last munday. He went 4th without any struggle, and such as life; Tu Day we are as peppergrass—mighty smart tu morrer we are cut down like a cowcumber of the ground. Jem kept a nice stoar, which his wife waits on. His virchews were numerous to behold. Many of things we bought at his growcery, and we are happy to stait to the admirin world that he never chanted, speshully in the wate of makral, which was nice and smelt sweet, and his survivan wife is the same wa. We never knew him to put sand in his shugar, though he had a big sand bar in front of his hous; nor water his Lickers, though the Ohio river past his dore. Piece to his ashes.

POETRY.

He died in his bed
a grate buk he red,
a prare hollered out,
then turned over and his bed,
then durned if he didn't die—ded.

He leaves 1 wife, 6 children, 1 cow, 4 horses, a growcers stoar, and other quadrupeds to morn his loss—but in the language of the poit his loss is their's eternal gane.

☞ Excellent for these hard times is the notice of a St. Louis firm—Grinn & Barret.

Served Him Right.

The Philadelphia *North American* is authority for the following:

A gentleman from Hagerstown furnished our reporter with an item, going to show the spirit and temper of the invading rebels. When the rebel horde appeared in front of Hagerstown, one of the principal citizens undertook a measure to which he looked for the preservation of his property. His barns were full of grain, his pastures were dotted with sheep and cattle, and forty well-fed swine were gathered in the rear of his corn-cribs. He was emphatically a man of plenty and of substance. When the rebels came he walked out to their lines, with a damask linen napkin affixed to his cane. The first rebel soldier he encountered he requested to show him to the commanding officer. He was passed under guard to the object of his search.

"General," said he, "I am a warm sympathizer with the South. I heartily wish success to this invasion and to your forces. My object in seeking you out is to ask that you, and as many of your staff as will accept the invitation, will make my house your headquarters during your stay here. My house is yonder upon the hill" (pointing to a fine old fashioned mansion with modern additions, with a long row of hay-ricks on the background).

"You sympathise with the South, did you say?" queried the General.

"Very earnestly, sir, and always have done so."

The rebel general beckoned to a sergeant who stood near to him.—"Bring a musket for this man," said he, "and take him into the ranks."

The "sympathizer" opened wide his eyes, but stood mute with horror. He "couldn't see it" in that light.—He stammered out at last: "Oh! I didn't mean that, General. I don't want to fight. I want to entertain you and your staff while you remain here, and to show you that I am your friend."

The rebel general contemptuously informed him that they interpreted sympathy only in its literal sense.—He had claimed to sympathize with them, and they intended to avail themselves of his good will. A string of wagons was at once trotted out, driven to the sympathizer's property, and in the same afternoon he was stripped of everything. The rebels carried off all his cattle, sheep, hogs, and smaller live stock, removed all his hay and wheat crop, leaving his barns utterly empty. The cavalry horses were turned into his growing oats, and his corn was cut for fodder for the stock while on the march.—The sympathizer was detained until all was done, and was then released with thanks for the sympathy he had manifested. Many like him in Maryland are now reaping the fruits of their sympathy. When men will take the suckers out of their pumps to prevent Union soldiers from drinking the water, their sympathy with the South deserves some such recognition as that given to the friend of the rebel cause above referred to, who came to grief at Hagerstown.

TOUCHING.—An affecting incident occurred at the New Haven barracks the other day. A woman desired to see her husband—embraced him, began to sob and cry violently. Husband gave her his handkerchief to wipe his eyes, after which she curiously manipulated it under her shawl, and returned it to him. The husband took it as if it were a brickbat. Officer of the guard investigated, and found a bottle of old rye whisky in the handkerchief.

CORRECT DEFINITION OF A "COPPERHEAD."—Certain correspondents of a New York journal are trying to define the term "copperhead." Several communications have portrayed the animal in multitudinous phases of vileness, but the subject does not seem by any means exhausted. The last definition we have seen strikes us as the best: "A creature which has all the instincts of a rebel, without the pluck to be one openly."

☞ The Cleveland *Herald* states that, so far as its observation goes, there is not a single German Union paper in Ohio that supports Fremont. The Toledo *Express*, the last German paper in Ohio to advocate him, says that "unity and loyalty, under existing circumstances, are identical," and it therefore runs up the Baltimore banner.

☞ A German infidel, at his death, passing by all his old associates, selected, as his executor, a Christian, with whom he had but a very slight acquaintance, thus giving the highest possible testimony to the principles of Christianity, by the confidence he reposed in it.

☞ A Witness in a Hoosier court, being asked how he knew that two certain parties were man and wife replied: "Why, dog gone it, I've heerd em scolding each other mor'n fifty times." The evidence was held as conclusive.

☞ Boarders will be interested to learn that sawdust is considered the finest kind of board. Recourse may yet be had to that form of nutrition, if the price of provisions is much more inflated.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

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HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

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HON. A. FARR,
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HON. JOHN C. HAINES,
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Mayor of MONTGOMERY, ALA.

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DON ESPARTERO MANUEL,
Mayor of VERA CRUZ.

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Mayor of MEXICO.

DON ESTEPHANIE RODRIGUES,
Mayor of HAVANA.

DON ANTONIO ECHEVERA,
Mayor of LIMA, PERU.

DON M. G. MILANGNO,
Mayor of VALPARAISO, CHILI.

DON MARO SESQUIPEDALIA,
Mayor of RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL.

Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people that remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.,

and sold by Druggists every where.

JAMES S. RUTAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
BEAVER, PENN'A.

☞ Office in the Court House.

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find satire fun that has something better in it than mere *personality*."—*Atlantic Monthly*.

"This paper is excellent. . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller*.

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer*.

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller*.

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon*.

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The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

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LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
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Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,

THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS

FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,

COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful

BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS,

Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for

Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,

And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the am't in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.
☞ Summer No. now ready.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.

New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest."—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."

Sept. 9, '63. I. N. ATKINS.

HOOKSTOWN SELECT SCHOOL,

Opens Monday, Sept. 28th.

Mathematics, Sciences and Languages,

Taught on the most favorable terms.

Address D. W. SCOTT, *Principal*

T. M. McCord,
Notary Public.

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B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATT'Y AT LAW,
(Near the Provost Marshal's Office,
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft; also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [de16

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,

No 60 Nassau Street, New York.
aug12:3m

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.
mar26:1y.

New Marble Works!

D. Irons,
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THE Subscriber announces to the public, that he is prepared to furnish to customers all kind of work in his line from a PLAIN SLAB to a CARVED TOMB STONE.

American and Italian Marble

Kept on hand, and all kinds of plain as well as Ornamental work done in a satisfactory manner. D. IRONS.

Market st, 1 door north T. Allison's store.
June16'64

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

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ROCHESTER,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA. [sep5

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT,

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER,

And Other Nervous and Chronic Diseases

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *Independent class of patients* who are laboring under mental derangement, or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to.

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
Beaver Co. Pa.
nov12'62.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

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THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

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THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c.....$88 00
Tuition varies from $3,50 to $8,00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

mar4'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

NEW GROCERY AND PRODUCE STORE.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened a GROCERY & PRODUCE STORE in the room formerly occupied by Stokes & Tallon, and directly opposite the *Argus* office, where we will keep constantly on hand and for sale a large assortment of Groceries, such as,

COFFEE, RICE,
TEA, MOLASSES,
SUGAR, SYRUP,

Also, FLOUR, POTATOES, and all other articles usually kept in a Grocery store.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market price
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WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

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HAVE IN STOCK FOR SALE

SPRING OF 1863,

At the Lowest Market Price.
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DRY GOODS

MILLION,

GARDNER & SCHLEITER,

SUCCESSORS TO

E. R. GARDNER & CO.,

92 Market St.,

PITTSBURGH,

Between Fifth st. and Diamond.

WE take the liberty to inform our friends of Beaver county that we have largely increased our facilities for carrying on the

Dry Goods Business,

at our old stand. Our entire attention will be be devoted to the increase of our business, in which the interest of our customers will be sustained and promoted by every means in our power.

NEW SPRING SILKS.

Our stock will comprise all comprise all the the Novelties in latest importations, including repps in all colors, plain and figured blacks, plain silks in all colors, check and brocade silks, Swiss and Foulard silks, all of which we will sell at such low prices that none can fail to be suited.

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Our stock will be found replete, comprising over One Hundred different styles, in French, French, English, and German fabrics, of latest importations, at prices as low as years ago.

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

AND

LACE GOODS.

We shall be in receipt of daily from New York, and our assortment, and prices, for cheapness, will be found second to none in the city. To this department we call particular attention.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Linens, sheeting and pillow linens, toilet, Marsailes and honey comb quilts, in white, blue and pink, napkins, towles, linen table covers, and Irish linens, always on hand, at the lowest prices.

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Cassimeres in plain and fancy, union cloths, tweeds, sattinett, corduroys, and men and boys wear of all kinds; the best stock in the city, at the lowest prices.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS,

of which we are the sole agent of several celebrated makes, which we will sell to our customers at wholesale prices.

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Domestic and imported flannels. Our stock will be found large, and well selected, and our prices will be made so moderate as to place them within reach of cassert

MOURNING GOODS

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP

KID, GLOVES, AND CORSETS.

Persons visiting the city for the purpose of purchasing Dry Goods, are respectfully invited to call, as our entire stock will be found.

New, Desirable, and Cheap.

GARDNER & SCHLEITER,

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Market Street,
Pittsburgh

Between Fifth st. and Diamond.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES

HAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS And Ointment.

A LL WHO have friends and relatives in the Army or Navy should take special care that they are supplied with these Pills and Ointment, and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE.

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London*," are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

600,000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS

TO SELL

Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862, cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 870,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The Wa Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Bhorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large, its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Hart and Wm Bown, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States, Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

FAILSTON WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence this week Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Patterson township, for John Houghinson's store in New Brighton.

jel7.6s EPHM. SMITH.

Special Notice!

THE Proprietors of the Girard House Philadelphia, would respectfully call the attention of business men and the travelling community to the superior accommodation and comfort offered in their establishment.

aug.19:2m KANAGA, FOWLER, & Co.

The Pearls of Life! The Ivories Beyond Way of Expressing it! Sound Teeth Bad Breath Disorder Gums Toothache Prevented and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath and Mouth

AND

during Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, one box.
Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, 77 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX $5.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use is on each article.*

The following articles we can send separately, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, post-paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or four stamps.

The *Neuralgia Plaster*, for Neuralgia in the Face, Nervous Headache, and Earache, sent post paid, on receipt of *Eighteen Cents*, or six stamps.

The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* (large size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,

WM. B. HURD, CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores. If they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW.

ARE DR. HURD'S PREPARATIONS

The best evidences that they are is, that the firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd* is an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says, "We are happy to know that our friend, Dr. Hurd, is succeeding beyond all expectations with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success rests with the fact *that his articles are precisely what they are represented to be, as we can testify from their long use.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: "I found your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. *We find it the best powder for the teeth we have ever used.* I shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with bill."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Pooder contains no acids, nor alkali, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S REMEDIES EFFECT?

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. Try them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons can testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the the best preparations in the world for curing *bad breath* and giving firmness and health to the gums. Hundreds of cases of *Diseased Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth, Canker*, etc., have been cured by Dr. Hard's astringent wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to courtship, and make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They should be used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

which are liable to impart a taint to the mouth

Dr. Hurd's Toothache Droops cure Toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have in the house to save their children from torture and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathetic suffering.

Farmers and mechanics! you cannot well afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifling sume you can now get preservatives, than which Rothschild or Astor can get nothing better. Remember that *Dyspepsia and Consumption of the Lungs* often originate in neglect of Teeth. Send for the *Treatise on Teeth*, and read Dr. Fitch's observations on this subject. If too late to arrest decay in your own teeth, save your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA PLASTERS.—Dr. Hurd's Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are the most pleasant and successful remedies ever prescribed for this painful disease. The patient applies one, soon becomes drowsy, falls asleep, and awakes free from pain, and no blister or other unpleasant or injurious consequences ensue. For *Earache* and *Nervous Headache*, apply according to directions, and relief will surely follow. Nothing can be obtained equal to Dr. Hurd's Compress for Neuralgia. Try them. They are entirely a novel, curious and original preparation, and wonderfully successful. They are of two sizes, one small, for the face, price 15 cents, and the other large, for application to the body, price 37 cents. *Will be mailed on receipt of price and one stamp.*

WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE DOING?

The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute so much to happiness of those using them, and they wont them. Every mail brings us letters, some ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few enclosing 87 cts. for the Mouth Wash, to be sent by mail; but to these we are compelled to reply that it is impossible to send a half-pint bottle by mail. The people want these Remedies. *Who will supply them?*

Now is the

CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune in carrying these articles around to families. The Dental Treasury is the neatest article that a man or woman can carry around. Send for one and see, or, better, a dozen, which we will sell, as samples, for $1. Agents supplied liberally with circulars. ☞ Now is the time to go into the business, to do good, and make a profit. We are spending thousands for the benefit of agents. New England men or women! here is something nice, and a chance to take the tide at its flood. Address,

WM. B. HURD & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

That remittances may be made with confidence, W. B. H. & Co., refer to the Mayor of Brooklyn; to G. W. Griffith, President Farmers and Citizens Bank, Brooklyn; to Joy, Coe, & Co., New York; to P. T. Barnum, Esq., New York, etc., etc.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing Certain Amendments to the Constitution.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

SECTION 2. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as section eight, and nine, as follows.

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

Office Secretary of Commonwealth.
HARRISBURG, April 25, 1864.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

SEAL

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written. ELI SLIFER.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The above Resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, on the FIRST TUESDAY of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article of the Constitution, and the act entitled "An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution, approved the twenty-third of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $100, $500, $1000, and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks, and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country; and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the *Best, Most Available and Cheapest Type of Investment in the Market.*

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

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(West of Federal,)
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THE Proprietors of this Establishment have been engaged for a number of years in the most extensive establishment in the country, in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, where all the improved appliances and apparatus are employed. Being also in possession of the very latest discoveries and methods of European Dyers, they dye and finish Ladies' Silk, Satin and Merino Dresses in superior style. In many cases, these articles are made in color and finish, very nearly equal in appearance to new Goods.

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KOLLOCK'S Dandelion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for several Debilitly, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by

M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

Pension, ounty & Back Pay Agency.

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No. 135 FOURTH ST.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL attention given to the collection of the BOUNTY OF $100, due to VOLUNTEED SOLDIERS who have served less than TWO YEARS, which is now being paid.

☞ All communications addressed as above promptly answered by return of Post. jel.3d

A. Bestwick.

BROADWAY & APPLE STREET
New Brighton, Pa.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in *Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware*

And the most approved patterns of *Pittsburg Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves.* [mar25:6

Estate of Geo. C. Bradshaw, dec'd

LETTERS of administration on the estate of GEO. C. BRADSHAW, Esq., late of Beaver boro', Beaver co., decd. having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID JOHNSON, Admr.
Fallston, Pa.
je20'64

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PROP'R
ROCHESTER, PA.